Arakelov theory & Automorphic forms



A conference at the occasion of Jürg Kramer's 60th birthday

Organizers:

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Acknowledgements

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1 Program

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday
9:30	Registration	Jorgenson	Freixas	Edixhoven
10:30	Coffee break	Coffee break	Coffee break	Coffee break
11:00	Kudla	Zhang	Faltings	Gubler
12:00	Ullmo	İmamoğlu	Gillet	Viazovska
13:00	Lunch break	Lunch break	Lunch break	Lunch break
15:00	Bruinier	Michel	Burgos	van der Geer
16:00	Coffee break	Coffee break	Coffee break	Coffee break
16:30	Müller-Stach	Soulé	Bost Special lecture	Salvati Manni
19:00			Conference dinner	

Monday, June 6

9:30	Registration	
10:30	Coffee break	
11:00	Kudla	Modularity of generating series for special divisors on arithmetic ball quotients I
12:00	Ullmo	Flows on abelian varieties and Shimura varieties
13:00	T 1 1 1	
15.00	Lunch break	
15:00	Bruinier	Modularity of generating series for special divisors on arithmetic ball quotients II
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Tuesday, June 7

9:30	Jorgenson	Dedekind sums associated to higher order Eisenstein series	
10:30	Coffee break		
11:00	Zhang	Congruent number problem and BSD conjecture	
12:00	İmamoğlu	Another look at the Kronecker limit formulas	
13:00	Lunch break		
15:00	Michel	Moments of L-functions and exponential sums	
16:00	Coffee break		
16:30	Soulé	Asymptotic semi-stability of lattices of sections	

Wednesday, June 8

9:30	Freixas	Generalizations of the arithmetic Riemann–Roch formula
10:30	Coffee break	
11:00	Faltings	Arakelov theory on degenerating curves
12:00	Gillet	The fiber of a cycle class map
13:00	Lunch break	
15:00	Burgos	The singularities of the invariant metric of the Poincaré bundle
16:00	Coffee break	
16:30	Bost Special lecture	Theta series, euclidean lattices, and Arakelov geometry

Thursday, June 9

9:30	Edixhoven	Gauss composition on primitive integral points on spheres, partly following Gunawan	
10:30	Coffee break		
11:00	Gubler	On the pointwise convergence of semipositive model metrics	
12:00	Viazovska	The sphere packing problem in dimensions 8 and 24	
13:00	Lunch break		
15:00	van der Geer Modular forms of low genus		
16:00	Coffee break		
16:30	Salvati Manni	On the 2-torsion points of the theta divisor	

Jean-Benoît Bost

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Theta series, euclidean lattices, and Arakelov geometry Université Paris-Sud, Orsay, France

A euclidean lattice is the data $(E, \|.\|)$ of some \mathbb{Z} -module E isomorphic to \mathbb{Z}^r , $r \in \mathbb{N}$, and of some Euclidean norm $\|.\|$ on the associated \mathbb{R} -vector space $E_{\mathbb{R}} \simeq \mathbb{R}^r$. To any Euclidean lattice $(E, \|.\|)$, one may attach its theta series

$$\theta(t) := \sum_{v \in E} e^{-\pi t \|v\|^2}$$

and the non-negative real number

$$h^0_{\theta}(E,\|.\|) := \log \theta(1) = \log \sum_{v \in E} e^{-\pi \|v\|^2}.$$

This talk will explain why this invariant $h_{\theta}^{0}(E, \|.\|)$ is a "natural" one, from diverse points of view, including large deviations and the thermodynamic formalism, and the classical analogy between number fields and function fields and its modern developments in Arakelov geometry.

I will also discuss some extensions of the invariant h_{θ}^{0} to certain infinite dimensional generalizations of euclidean lattices, and will present some applications to transcendence theory and to algebraization theorems in Diophantine geometry.

Jan Hendrik Bruinier

Modularity of generating series for special divisors on arithmetic ball quotients II

Technische Universität Darmstadt, Germany

The second lecture (for the first lecture, see Kudla) will sketch the proof of the main theorem, which uses the Borcherds modularity criterion. The essential point is to determine the divisor of the unitary group Borcherds forms on the integral model. This depends on an analysis of the first Fourier–Jacobi coefficient of such a form. Time permitting, the second part of the lecture will give a brief description of how the main theorem can be used to establish new cases of the Colmez conjecture.

José Ignacio Burgos Gil

The singularities of the invariant metric of the Poincaré bundle Instituto de Ciencias Matemáticas, Madrid, Spain

With J. Kramer and U. Kühn we have studied the singularities of the line bundle of Jacobi forms on the universal elliptic curve. The natural generalization of this work is to study the singularities of the invariant metric on the Poincaré bundle on a family of abelian varieties and their duals.

The singularities of the invariant metric are an avatar of the height jump phenomenon discovered by R. Hain. In a joint work with D. Holmes and R. de Jong, we prove a particular case of a conjecture by Hain on the positivity of the height jump.

Moreover, in joint work with O. Amini, S. Bloch and J. Fresán, we show that the asymptotic behaviour of the height pairing of zero cycles of degree zero on a family of smooth curves, when one approaches a singular stable curve, is governed by the Symanzik polynomials of the dual graph of the singular curve. This fact is related to the physical intuition that the asymptotic behaviour of string theory when the length parameter goes to zero is governed by quantum field theory of particles.

In this talk I will review the joint work with Jürg as well as the generalizations.

Bas Edixhoven

Gauss composition on primitive integral points on spheres, partly following Gunawan

Universiteit Leiden, Netherlands

Gauss has given formulas for the number of primitive integral points on the 2-sphere of radius squared n. These formulas are in terms of

class numbers of imaginary quadratic orders of discriminants closely related to n. It makes one wonder if this is explained by a free and transitive action of the Picard group of this order on the set of such primitive integral points up to global symmetry $SO_3(\mathbb{Z})$. This is indeed the case, and the action can be made explicit. The tool that is used is group schemes over \mathbb{Z} , which is more direct than Galois cohomology plus adèles, and surprisingly elementary. In fact, Bhargava and Gross ask for such an approach in their article "Arithmetic invariant theory".

Reference: https://openaccess.leidenuniv.nl/handle/1887/38431

Gerd Faltings

Arakelov theory on degenerating curves Max-Planck-Institut für Mathematik, Bonn, Germany

For a semistable family of curves we investigate the asymptotics of the Arakelov metric. As an application we get results on the asymptotic of the delta-function.

Gerard Freixas i Montplet

Generalizations of the arithmetic Riemann–Roch formula Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Paris, France

In this talk I review recent extensions of the arithmetic Riemann–Roch theorem, related to the program of Burgos–Kramer–Kühn about extending arithmetic intersection theory, in order to deal with toroidal compactifications of Shimura varieties. Precisely, I will first state a Riemann–Roch isometry for the trivial sheaf on a cusp compactification of a hyperbolic orbicurve. As a consequence I will give the special value at one of the derivative of the Selberg zeta function of $\operatorname{PSL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$, that turns out to "contain" the Faltings heights of the CM elliptic curves corresponding to the elliptic fixed points. This first part is joint work with Anna von Pippich. Then I will report on joint work with Dennis Eriksson and Siddarth Sankaran, whose aim is to explore what can be done in higher dimensions. We focus

on Hilbert modular surfaces. We give a possible definition of the holomorphic analytic torsion of the trivial sheaf, and by using the Jacquet–Langlands correspondence we prove it fits in a weak form of a conjectural arithmetic Riemann–Roch formula. This formula should contain a boundary contribution given by derivatives at 0 of Shimizu L-functions, in analogy with Hirzebruch's computations in the geometric case.

Gerard van der Geer

Modular forms of low genus Universiteit van Amsterdam, Netherlands

We give a survey of recent work on Siegel modular forms for genus 2 and 3. This is based on joint work with Bergstroem and Faber and with Clery.

Henri Gillet

The fiber of a cycle class map University of Illinois at Chicago, USA

I shall discuss how one might use Milnor K-theory and Nash functions to attempt to understand the fiber of (a version of) the cycle class map.

Walter Gubler

On the pointwise convergence of semipositive model metrics Universität Regensburg, Germany

At a non-archimedean place, we will show that pointwise convergence of semipositive model metrics to a model metric yields that the limit metric is semipositive. Using multiplier ideals, this was shown by Boucksom, Favre and Jonsson under the assumption that the residue characteristic is zero. We will prove the claim in general using a different strategy. This is joint work with Florent Martin.

Özlem İmamoğlu

Another look at the Kronecker limit formulas Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich, Switzerland

Classical Kronecker limit formulas lead to some beautiful relations between quadratic fields and L-functions. In this talk I will use them to motivate the study of a new geometric invariant associated to an ideal class of a real quadratic field. This is joint work with W. Duke and A. Toth.

Jay Jorgenson

Dedekind sums associated to higher order Eisenstein series The City College of New York, USA

Higher order Eisenstein series are, roughly speaking, defined as a series similar to non-holomorphic Eisenstein series with the inclusion of factors involving periods of certain holomorphic forms. In this talk we describe results yielding generalizations of Kronecker's limit formula as well as Dedekind sums associated to the Kronecker limit function. Specific evaluations are obtained for certain arithmetic groups. The work is joint with Cormac O'Sullivan and Lejla Smajlovic.

Stephen Kudla

Modularity of generating series for special divisors on arithmetic ball quotients I

University of Toronto, Canada

In this pair of talks we will report on joint work with B. Howard, M. Rapoport and T. Yang on the modularity of the generating series for special divisors on integral models of certain ball quotients.

The first lecture (for the second lecture, see Bruinier) will introduce the basic objects: regular integral models of Shimura varieties associated to $\mathrm{U}(n-1,1)$ and their compactifications, special divisors and their extensions to the compactifications. Then the construction of Green functions for these divisors by means of Borcherds lifts of harmonic weak Maass forms will be described. Finally, the

generating series will be defined and the main theorem concerning its modularity will be stated.

Philippe Michel

Moments of L-functions and exponential sums École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland

In this talk, we explain a solution to the long-standing problem of evaluating asymptotically with a power saving error term, the second moment of the central value of L-functions of a modular form twisted by Dirichlet characters of prime modulus. For Eisenstein series, the problem amounts to evaluating the fourth moment of central values of Dirichlet L-functions and was solved by Young a few years ago. We will discuss the more recent and difficult case of cusp forms whose proof is a combination of various ingredients including the analytic theory of automorphic forms, analytic number theory, and l-adic cohomology. These are joint works with Blomer, Fouvry, Kowalski, Milicevic, and Sawin.

Stefan Müller-Stach

Arakelov inequalities for special subvarieties in Mumford-Tate varieties

Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz, Germany

We characterize positive-dimensional special subvarieties in Mumford–Tate varieties by certain new Arakelov inequalities. As a consequence, we get an effective version of the André–Oort conjecture in this more general case.

Riccardo Salvati Manni

On the 2-torsion points of the theta divisor La Sapienza – Università di Roma, Italy

I will present some recent results, obtained in collaboration with Pirola and Auffarth, on the bound for the number of 2-torsion points that lie on a given theta divisor. I will present also several approaches to attack a conjectural result.

Christophe Soulé

Asymptotic semi-stability of lattices of sections Institut des Hautes Études Scientifiques Paris, France

This is joint work with T. Chinburg and Q. Guignard. Let L be a hermitian line bundle on an arithmetic surface. We consider the lattice of global sections of a high power n of L, equipped with the sup-norm. We ask whether this lattice becomes semi-stable when n goes to infinity. We get a positive answer when working with capacities and, in the Arakelov set-up, we obtain an interesting inequality, too weak to imply semi-stability.

Emmanuel Ullmo

Flows on abelian varieties and Shimura varieties Institut des Hautes Études Scientifiques Paris, France

I will discuss several questions and some results about algebraic flows, o-minimal flows and holomorphic flows on abelian varieties and Shimura varieties.

Maryna Viazovska

The sphere packing problem in dimensions 8 and 24 Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Germany

In this talk we will show that the sphere packing problem in dimensions 8 and 24 can be solved by a linear programing method. In 2003 N. Elkies and H. Cohn proved that the existence of a real function satisfying certain constraints leads to an upper bound for the sphere packing constant. Using this method they obtained almost sharp estimates in dimensions 8 and 24. We will show that functions providing exact bounds can be constructed explicitly as certain integral transforms of modular forms. Therefore, we solve the sphere packing problem in dimensions 8 and 24.

Shou-Wu Zhang

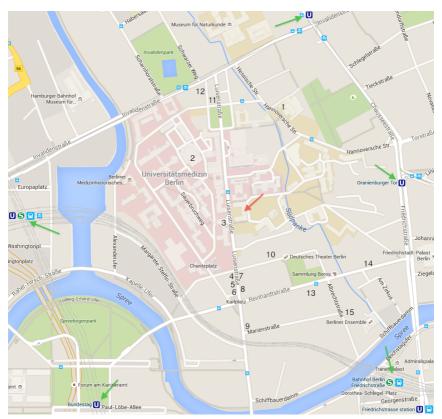
Congruent number problem and BSD conjecture Princeton University, USA

A thousand years old problem is to determine when a square free integer n is a congruent number, i.e., the areas of right angled triangles with sides of rational lengths. This problem has some beautiful connection with the BSD conjecture for elliptic curves $E_n: ny^2 = x^3 - x$. In fact by BSD, all $n = 5, 6, 7 \mod 8$ should be congruent numbers, and most of $n = 1, 2, 3 \mod 8$ should not be congruent numbers. Recently, Alex Smith has proved that at least 41.9% of $n = 1, 2, 3 \mod 8$ satisfy (refined) BSD in rank 0, and at least 55.9% of $n = 5, 6, 7 \mod 8$ satisfy (weak) BSD in rank 1. This implies in particular that at least 41.9% of $n = 1, 2, 3 \mod 8$ are not congruent numbers, and 55.9% of $n = 5, 6, 7 \mod 8$ are congruent numbers. I will explain the ingredients used in Smith's proof: including the classical work of Heath-Brown and Monsky on the distribution of the \mathbb{F}_2 -rank of the Selmer group of E_n , the complex formula for the central value and the derivative of L-functions of Waldspurger and Gross-Zagier and their extension by Yuan-Zhang-Zhang, and their mod 2 version by Tian-Yuan-Zhang.

3 Practical information

3.1 Lecture hall

The lectures take place in the Festsaal of the Humboldt Graduate School, located in the second floor of Luisenstraße 56.



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The lecture hall is marked by a red arrow. The metro stations, marked by green arrows, are (starting from the top, proceeding clockwise): Naturkundemuseum (U6, 10 min), Oranienburger Tor (U6, 9 min), Friedrichstrasse (S1, S2, S25, S5, S7, S75, U6, 14 min), Bundestag (U55, 11 min) and Hauptbahnhof (S5, S7, S75, U55, 11 min). The bus stop Charité-Campus Mitte, for the buses 147 and TXL, is only 1 walking minute from the building. Additional information on the transportation service can be found on the website: www.bvg.de. The numbers refer to lunch possibilities.

3.2 Restaurants

The area of Luisenstraße, specifically east of it, is rich in restaurants, cafés, and other lunch possibilities. Some of the closest to the lecture hall are listed below. The numbers correspond to the ones on the map.

- Mensa HU nord (cafeteria), Hannoversche Straße 7.
 Note that it is not possible to pay with cash. One should be either accompanied by a Berlin student or buy a card (1,55 €) and charge it.
- 2. Cafeteria CKK (cafeteria), Hufelandweg 12.
- 3. Café Frau Schneider (café), Luisenstraße 13.
- 4. Thai Tasty (thai), Luisenstraße 14.
- 5. der Eisladen (ice cream), Luisenstraße 14.
- 6. Sabzi (oriental), Luisenstraße 15.
- 7. Thürmann (bakery), Luisenstraße 46.
- 8. Auf die Hand (fine fast food), Luisenstraße 45.
- 9. Mahlzeit Luise (bistro), Luisenstraße 39.
- 10. Trattoria Su e Giù (italian), Schumannstraße 16.
- 11. Ristorante Porta Nova (italian), Robert Koch Platz 12.
- 12. Mangiarbene di Giancarlo (italian), Platz vor dem neuen Tor 5.
- 13. Ristorante Cinque (italian), Reinhardtstraße 27.
- 14. Dehlers (modern german), Reinhardtstraße 14.
- 15. Monsieur Toche (modern european), Albrechtstrasse 19.

3.3 Conference dinner

The conference dinner will be on Wednesday, June 8 at 7pm at the restaurant **Sale e Tabacchi**, in *Rudi-Dutschke-Straße 25* (2 minutes walking distance from the *U-Bahn station Kochstraße*).

3.4 Contact information

For any question regarding the conference feel free to contact our secretary:

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