

th: In fin. dims., maps are smooth until proven non-smooth.

In ∞ -dims.,

ex: H a real Hilbert space: $f: H \rightarrow \mathbb{R}: x \mapsto \|x\|^2$
 $H \xrightarrow{\text{linear}} H \times H \xrightarrow{\text{bilinear}} \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow C^\infty$
 $x \mapsto (x, x)$

False on Banach spaces in general! \Rightarrow \mathbb{A} bumps for., P.O.U.s etc.

Q: When does a space of maps $\underline{N}^n \rightarrow M^m$ have a Banach mfd str.?

refs: Eliasson
Palais
cpst? (can be generalized)

Assume N a cpt mfd of class C^r , $1 \leq r \leq \infty$.

def: A section functor \mathcal{S} assigns to each VB $E \rightarrow N$ of class C^r a Banach space $\mathcal{S}(E)$ of (equivalence classes a.e.) of sections $s: N \rightarrow E$ s.t. for 2 bndls $E, F \rightarrow N$, \exists contin. linear incl.

$$C^r(\text{Hom}(E, F)) \xrightarrow{\Phi} \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{S}(E), \mathcal{S}(F)), \quad \Phi(A)\eta := A\eta.$$

bdd linear maps

ex: $\mathcal{S} = C^k$ is a section functor if $k \leq r$.

ex: $\mathcal{S} = W^{k,p}$ " " if $k \leq r$:

$$\forall A \in C^r(\text{Hom}(E, F)), \quad \eta \in W^{k,p}(E), \quad A\eta \in W^{k,p}(F)$$

$$\& \quad \|A\eta\|_{W^{k,p}} \leq c \|A\|_{C^r} \cdot \|\eta\|_{W^{k,p}}.$$

defn: A ser. frct. \mathcal{S} is a manifold model if:

(1) $\forall E \rightarrow N, \exists$ contin. linear incl. $\mathcal{S}(E) \hookrightarrow C^0(E)$.

(2) $\forall E, F \rightarrow N, \exists$ contin. lin. incl. $\mathcal{S}(\text{Hom}(E, F)) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{S}(E), \mathcal{S}(F))$,

i.e. $\forall A \in \mathcal{S}(\text{Hom}(E, F)), \eta \in \mathcal{S}(E)$, we have $A\eta \in \mathcal{S}(F)$ &

$$\|A\eta\|_{\mathcal{S}} \leq c \|A\|_{\mathcal{S}} \cdot \|\eta\|_{\mathcal{S}} \quad (\text{"Banach algebra property"})$$

(3) $\forall E, F \rightarrow N, \mathcal{O} \subseteq E$ ^{open} intersecting every fiber a

$f: \mathcal{O} \rightarrow F$ a C^r fiber-pres. (but possibly nonlinear) map,

$\eta \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{O}) := \{\eta \in \mathcal{S}(E) \mid \eta(N) \subseteq \mathcal{O}\} \Rightarrow f \circ \eta \in \mathcal{S}(F)$, & the map

$\mathcal{S}(f): \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{O}) \rightarrow \mathcal{S}(F): \eta \mapsto f \circ \eta$ is contin. (ex: for $W^{k,p}$,
"C^k-continuity")

ex: For $\dim N = n$, $W^{k,p}$ is a mfd model iff $kp > n$.

main lemma (last week): If \mathcal{S} is a mfd model & $f: \mathcal{O} \rightarrow F$ as above is of class C^{r+s} restricted to each fiber, for some $s \in \mathbb{N}$.

Then $\mathcal{S}(f): \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{O}) \rightarrow \mathcal{S}(F)$ is of class C^s ,

$$d\mathcal{S}(f) = \mathcal{S}(\underbrace{d_z f}_{\text{deriv. of } f \text{ in fiber directions}})$$

□

rh: N cpt, then (1) $\Rightarrow \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{O}) \subseteq \mathcal{S}(E)$.

(3) becomes more complicated if N is not cpt.

Fix a mfd M of class C^∞ w/ connection ∇ .

Fix an open subld $\mathcal{D} \subseteq TM$ of the 0-section, s.t.

for the brdl proj. $\tau: TM \rightarrow M$, $(\tau, \exp)|_{\mathcal{D}}: \mathcal{D} \hookrightarrow M \times M$

is a diffeo onto its image.

main thm: For \mathcal{S} a mfd model,

$$\mathcal{S}(N, M) := \left\{ \exp_f h: N \rightarrow M \mid f \in C^\infty(N, M), h \in \mathcal{S}(f^* \mathcal{D}) \right\}$$

(i.e. $\forall x \in N, h(x) \in \mathcal{D}$ a $h \in \mathcal{S}(f^* TM)$)

is a smooth Banach mfd, with charts given by inverse of

$$\mathcal{S}(f^* E) \stackrel{\text{open}}{\cong} \mathcal{S}(f^* \mathcal{D}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{S}(N, M): h \mapsto \exp_f h \quad \text{for each } f \in C^\infty(N, M).$$

pf: Transition maps are of the form $\mathcal{S}(g)$ for smooth fiber-pres. maps g . □

$$f: N \rightarrow M, \quad h \in \mathcal{S}(f^* TM), \quad h(x) = T_{f(x)} M$$

$$(\exp_f h)(x) = \exp_{f(x)} h(x)$$

EX: For $\mathcal{S} = W^{k,p}$, $W^{k,p}(N, M) = W_{loc}^{k,p}(N, M) :=$

$$\left\{ f: N \rightarrow M \mid \text{in all choices of local coords, } f \in W_{loc}^{k,p} \right\}$$

Banach space bundle: $\pi: E \rightarrow B = \text{Banach mfd}$ s.t. $B = \bigcup_{\alpha \in I} U_\alpha$ ^{top. space}

for $U_\alpha \subseteq B$ s.t. \exists local trvs. $\bar{\Phi}_\alpha: \pi^{-1}(U_\alpha) \xrightarrow{\text{homeo}} U_\alpha \times X_\alpha$
 X_α a Banach space, $\forall \alpha, \beta \in I$,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \pi^{-1}(U_\alpha \cap U_\beta) & \\ \bar{\Phi}_\alpha \swarrow \text{homeo} & & \searrow \bar{\Phi}_\beta \text{ homeo} \\ (U_\alpha \cap U_\beta) \times X_\alpha & \xrightarrow{\bar{\Phi}_{\beta\alpha}} & (U_\alpha \cap U_\beta) \times X_\beta \end{array}$$

$\pi: E \rightarrow B$ is smooth if $\forall \alpha, \beta, \bar{\Phi}_{\beta\alpha}(x, v) = (x, g_{\beta\alpha}(x)v)$

for some smooth maps $g_{\beta\alpha}: U_\alpha \cap U_\beta \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(X_\alpha, X_\beta)$.

Alert: That condition is stronger than just smoothness of $\bar{\Phi}_{\beta\alpha}$.

rk: For $u \in \mathcal{S}(N, M)$, $T_u \mathcal{S}(N, M) = \mathcal{S}(u^* TM)$.

$u^* TM$ is in general a VB of class \mathcal{S} , not C^∞ .

Banach alg. property $\Rightarrow \mathcal{S}(u^* TM)$ is well-def'd.

thm: For a \mathcal{S} a mfd model α \hat{T} a section functor s.t. \exists contin. incl. $\mathcal{S}(\text{Hom}(E, F)) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{L}(\hat{T}(E), \hat{T}(F))$,

\exists a smooth VB $E \rightarrow \mathcal{S}(N, M)$ with fibers $E_u := \hat{T}(u^* TM)$.

ex: Can take $W^{k,p} := \mathcal{S}$ for $k, p > n$, $\hat{T} = W^{l,p}$ for any $l \leq k$,
 since \exists contin product pairing $W^{k,p} \times W^{l,p} \rightarrow W^{l,p}$.

e.g. $E_u = W^{k-1,p}(u^* \hat{W})$ as bundle over $B := W^{l,p}(\Sigma, \hat{W})$.