# Problem Set 1

## Differential Geometry WS 2019/20

### Problem 1

(a) Let  $\tilde{\gamma} : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}^n$  be a regular, differentiable curve and denote by  $\gamma : [0, \ell(\gamma)] \to \mathbb{R}^n$  its arclength reparametrization. Show that  $\gamma$  is differentiable and  $\|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| = 1$  for all  $t \in [0, \ell(\gamma)]$ . (b) What can be said if  $\tilde{\gamma}$  is not necessarily regular but nowhere constant?

#### Problem 2

(a) Let  $\tilde{\gamma} : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be a regular, twice differentiable curve. Compute the curvature  $\kappa : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}$  in terms of its first and second derivative.

(b) Let  $f : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}$  be a  $C^2$ -function; let  $\gamma : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be given by  $\gamma(t) = (t, f(t))$ . Derive formulas for the length of  $\gamma$  and its curvature. Show that the curvature is negative, positive, zero exactly where f is concave, convex or has an inflection point, respectively.

(c) Compute the turning number of  $\gamma$  in (b).

#### Problem 3

(a) Compute the length and the curvature of the following curves:

 $\alpha : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}^3; \ \alpha(t) = (r \cos t, r \sin t, kt) \ (\text{the helix})$ 

 $\beta: (0,\pi) \to \mathbb{R}^2; \ \beta(t) = (\sin t, \cos t + \ln \tan(t/2)) \ (\text{tractrix}).$ 

 $\gamma: (-1,1) \to \mathbb{R}^2; \ \gamma(t) = (t^2,t^3)$  (semicubic parabola).

 $\delta : [0, 2\pi] \to \mathbb{R}^2; \, \delta(t) = (\cos t, \sin(2t)) \text{ (lemniscate of Gerono).}$ 

(b) Compute the turning number of  $\delta$ .