# Problems for BMS Basic Course "Commutative Algebra" Prof. Dr. J. Kramer

Hand in Jan 10th, after the 2nd lecture 4.45 p.m.

## Please solve each problem on a different sheet of paper, and sign each sheet with your name and student ID

#### 10th Problem Set (40 + 10 points)

## Problem 1 (10 pts)

Show directly (without using the Lemma of the course) that the primary ideals  $\mathbf{q} \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$  are precisely of the type  $\mathbf{q} = (0)$  or  $\mathbf{q} = (p^n)$  for a prime number p and  $n \in \mathbb{N}_{>0}$ .

# Problem 2 (10 pts)

Let A = k[X, Y],  $\mathbf{q} = (X, Y^2)$  and  $\mathbf{m} = (X, Y)$ . Show that:

- (a) The ideal  $\mathfrak{q}$  is an  $\mathfrak{m}\text{-}\mathrm{primary}$  ideal.
- (b) There is a chain of strict inclusions  $\mathfrak{m}^2 \subsetneq \mathfrak{q} \subsetneq \mathfrak{m}$ .
- (c) Deduce from (b) that  $\mathbf{q}$  is not a power of a prime ideal of A.

# Problem 3 (10 pts)

Let  $A = k[X, Y, Z]/(XY - Z^2)$  and  $\mathfrak{p} = (\bar{X}, \bar{Z})$ , where  $\bar{X}, \bar{Z}$  denote the classes of X, Z in A, respectively. Show that  $\mathfrak{p}^2$  is not a primary ideal of A.

#### Problem 4 (10 + 10 pts)

A presheaf  $\mathcal{F}$  on X is called a *sheaf* if the following *glueing axiom* holds:

Let  $U \subseteq X$  be an open subset and  $U = \bigcup_{j \in J} U_j$  an open covering of U. Let  $\{s_j\}_{j \in J}, s_j \in \mathcal{F}(U_j)$   $(j \in J)$ , be a collection of compatible sections, i.e.,  $\rho_{U_j,U_j\cap U_k}(s_j) = \rho_{U_k,U_j\cap U_k}(s_k)$  for all  $j, k \in J$ . Then there exists a unique  $s \in \mathcal{F}(U)$  such that  $\rho_{U,U_j}(s) = s_j$ .

Furthermore, for a presheaf  $\mathcal{F}$  on X and a point  $x \in X$ , the stalk  $\mathcal{F}_x$  is defined as

$$\mathcal{F}_x := \varinjlim_{x \in U, \ U \text{ open}} \mathcal{F}(U).$$

- (a) Show that for a commutative ring A with 1, the structure sheaf  $\mathcal{O}$  on Spec(A) is a sheaf.
- (b) Compute the stalks  $\mathcal{O}_x$  for  $x \in \operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{C}[X])$ .
- (c\*) More generally, compute the stalks  $\mathcal{O}_x$  for  $x \in \operatorname{Spec}(A)$ , again for a commutative ring A with 1.